

Jones County Extracts, Volume I, 1810 - 1831

estate. (Signed) **Lewis A. Patrick**, Adm.-(Source: SP)

Georgia, Jones County: Will be sold before the Court House door in said county on the first Tuesday in January, next, between the legal hours of sale, all the property belonging to the estate of **John Kirk**, late of said county, deceased. Sold for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of said estate. (Signed) **William Freeman**, Adm.-(Source: SP)

Georgia, Jones County: **Robert and Charles Hutchins** apply (applies) to me for letters of administration on the estate of **Priscilla Bond**, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of said deceased, to be and appear at my office within the time prescribed by law, to show cause, if any they have, why said letters shall not be granted. (Signed) **Charles Macarthy**, C. C. O.-(Source: SP)

Monday, November 10, 1828

Will be sold at the late residence of **HARRIS Allen**, deceased, in the town of Clinton, Jones County, on Tuesday the 2d day of December next, part of the personal property of said deceased; consisting of horses, cattle.. a gig and peddlers wagon. (Signed) **CYNTHIA K. Allen**, Admx., **JOHN M. Allen**, Adm.-(Source: GJ)

Debtors to the estate of **HARRIS Allen**, late of Jones County, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment.. (Signed) **CYNTHIA K. Allen**, Admx., **JOHN M. Allen**, Adm.-(Source: GJ)

Monday, December 8, 1828

Jones County, Georgia. Whereas **THOMAS Lowe** applies for letters of administration on the estate of **JAMES Wadlaw**, late of said county, deceased.. Given under my hand this 1st day of December, 1828. (Signed) **CHARLES Macarthy**, C. C. O.-(Source: GJ)

Will be sold at the late residence of **HARRIS Allen**, deceased, in the town of Clinton, Jones County, on Tuesday the 23d day of December next, part of the personal property of said deceased; consisting of horses, cattle, household and kitchen furniture, a gig and pedlar's wagon. (Signed) **CYNTHIA K. Allen**, Admx., **JOHN M. Allen**, Adm.-(Source: GJ)

Saturday, November 15, 1828

Georgia, Jones County: All those indebted to the estate of **William Hammack**, deceased, or owed money by that estate, must make immediate payment or present their notes for payment. (Signed) **Mary Hammack**, **J. D. Hammack**, **M. W. Hammack**, Adms.-(Source: GM)

Saturday, November 29, 1828

Georgia, Jones County: Will be sold before the Court House door in said county on the first Tuesday in February, next, between the legal hours of sale, all the property belonging to the estate of **Joseph Harrison**, late of said county, deceased. Sold for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of said estate. (Signed) **George Harrison**, **William Harrison**, Adms.-(Source: SR)

Georgia, Jones County: Mrs. **E. Calhoun** applies for letters of administration on the estate of her husband, **James Calhoun**, late of said county, deceased. (Signed) **Charles Macarthy**, Clerk.-(Source: SR)

Statesman



Pat

—\$3 PER ANNUM,]

He tibi erunt artes pascique imponere mores, necesse subjectis et debellare superbos. —VIRGIL.

MILLEDGEVILLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1828.

[NEW SE

E. H. BURRITT.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY IN
MILLEDGEVILLE, GEORGIA,
Wayne-Street, opposite the Eagle Hotel.

Subscription received for a less period than one year; upon discontinued, unless at the discretion of the Editor, all arrears are paid.
The price of subscription must be paid in advance.
—Notice of the sales of land, by Administrators, Executors, or Guardians, must be published sixty days to the day of sale.
—Notice of personal property (including negroes, &c.) to be sold must be published forty days previous to the day of sale.
—That application will be made to the Court of Chancery for leave to sell land, must be published four weeks previous to the day of sale.

That application has been made for Letters of Administration, must also be published forty days previous to the day of sale.
Matters directed to the Editor on business for the Office, must be post paid.

POLEMIC.

BY REQUEST.

From the Georgia Journal

Srs. Editors—The peculiarity of the positions under which I still stand arraigns the public, which I trust, be considered sufficient apology for my appeal again to the privilege of a place in your columns, and myself from the calumnies with which my character is yet reproached. In my defence which you had the kindness to publish, I gave the promise that "proof of my merits should be given if called for by gentleman in his proper name."

The Washington News of October 7th the Rev. Thomas A. Pasteur, in a manner of triumph, makes upon me the following proposition:

"I would ask at your hand if you do not know, doubtless, some of your friends do) a list containing some of the names of those members of the Methodist Church of long and high standing who have ordered to follow their Lord and Master authoritative commands;" for we confess to them not. We have not ourselves, such an instance the Methodist Church being judge.

"In giving the proof here called for, I beg the indulgence of your readers, to fore them a short statement of that ed treatment towards me. In his paper of September, he and the editor of the Boston Observer, appeared against me in following manner:

"MISTAKE—The Rev. I. L. Brooks, in letter to the Columbia Star, observes: "It is remarkable fact that the revivals now existing in Georgia, are confined almost to the Baptist denomination." The revivals in Georgia believe are not confined exclusively, but exclusively to any denomination. It is happy to learn that the Baptist Church is late is reviving. But we do not like a lying spirit."—[Charleston Observer.

"If Gundershieve is correct (says Mr. Pasteur) his belief, that the revivals in this State are not confined almost exclusively to the Baptist denomination." It is true the Baptist have much greater imporing into their Church during the last twelve months than they have for years before; but that one of their Ministers should publicly assert that the revivals

ditions to the Baptist denomination within about 12 months past in Georgia. There are eleven Associations in the State, from only two of which have been had the official returns of the churches at their late sessions. To the Georgia and Ocmulgee Associations, embracing only a few of the interior counties, have been returned about three thousand and five hundred persons, since their preceding sessions. We are aware that the other nine Associations have not participated so abundantly in the showers of divine mercy. But we have learned that hundreds and perhaps thousands have been added to some others, from which we have not seen the official returns. It must be observed that none of the above additions, consist of children or of professed unbelievers. As the Baptist rules of discipline, admit none to their fellowship, but those who publicly give a reason of that hope within them, consisting of experimental relation of God's work of regeneration upon their souls, and of satisfactory testimonials of good moral standing: which taken together, induces the Church to believe in charity, that they are the true children of God. Now if Mr. Pasteur can specify the addition of professed believers to the Methodist and Presbyterian denominations during the time, preceding the date of my letter in the Star, for six or eight months, which will not justify my expressions, made in July last—"it is a remarkable fact, that the revivals now existing in Georgia, are confined almost exclusively to the Baptist denomination"—then will not only myself and every Baptist, with whom I have conversed stand corrected, but also many of our brethren of other denominations, have labored under the same mistaken view of the subject. For the Rev. Mr. Styles, a Presbyterian Minister, and the Rev. Messrs Hardy of Milledgeville, and Danully of the Rattle River circuit, and others of the best standing, have been heard by good authorities, to say that they knew of no revivals except among the Baptists, during the present year up to about the date of my letter. If then Mr. Pasteur can tell us of any, we shall all be the wiser. But Mr. Pasteur without having specified any revivals among other denominations, in accordance with my request, and which would prove him correct in having published my statements as false quibbles upon my limiting him only to a few days about the period of my letter's date; and any one might with half an eye, see that letter was designed to express the history of events, then passing in connection with revivals and could have no legitimate reference to any but those in operation about the period of its date. He proceeds thus with his own difficulties, hanging over him, to make upon me the imperious demands before quoted, says that both he and his brethren, who have a wide range of acquaintance, among their people, are ignorant of the secession of members of long and high standing from their Church, and asks if it would not cost me much riding, to find a few of those admired trophies. At the instance of this requisition, it is presumable, my brethren will excuse me for giving the following members who have left other denominations, and joined the Baptist, not within a score of years, but within about one year. Rev. Messrs Sherwood, has Baptized

Preacher in a sermon, ridiculed that sacred ordinance, by saying that to be baptized with sand or water would be equally obeying the command of God, if the subject should believe so, at once disputed the legality of Baptism, at the hand of one who could think so indifferently of the divine Institutions; and she was therefore conscientiously induced to join the Baptists, not to get immersion, but Christian Baptism, I suppose at the hand of one whom she looked upon as an authorized administrator. Also a lady joined the Baptists at Dove creek, Elbert, under like circumstances, inquired of Col. A. Jones and Dr. Thomas Jones of Greene, and Maj. Davis of Elbert—In the counties of Hancock, Putnam, Morgan, Jasper, Newton, Henry and Monroe have occurred instances of private members, and of one Preacher at least, who have left in order not to doubt to follow their Lord and Master; and since the date of my offensive letter, many who joined at the Jasper and Monroe Camp-Meetings, have left and joined the Baptists, and it is to be hoped that Mr. Pasteur will not be so tyrannical, as to forbid any convinced of the truth, to exercise their high privilege in obeying it. Names and authorities, for those last instances, could be obtained either by a little riding or writing, if it were necessary.

How far the above proofs go to establish my statements in reference to revivals among us, I leave the public to judge. It is probable that Mr. Pasteur, supposed my acquaintance as limited, as the circulation of his paper, and that it would cost me too much riding, to collect the proofs, for which he so triumphantly called upon me; and it may be that he further concluded that it would be an easy task to set aside any names which might be given, as disorderly persons in their society.—But I would advise him to exercise caution in his next jump, if that is the ground upon which he is designed to light, as the names and authorities are such as would render such an attempt, disgusting to his brethren, criminally malicious in the eyes of community, and more injurious to his character, than his attack upon him who has the high satisfaction, still to remain the friend of truth and righteousness.

IVESON L. BROOKES

POLITICAL.

Copy of a letter from H. Clay to Mr. Russell.

Lexington, 9th July, 1822.

MY DEAR SIR—Your letter of the 6th ult., arrived whilst I was absent from home, at one of the watering places, and hence the delay of my answer. I had read the communication of the President to Congress of your letters and Mr. Adams' remarks. And I must frankly say to you, that the variations between your two letters have given, in the public judgment, a great advantage to Mr. Adams, at least for the moment, and that unless satisfactorily explained, it will do you a lasting prejudice. I saw it with very deep regret, and shall anxiously look for an explanation.

On many of the circumstances stated in your letter, my memory accords with yours; on one or two only it does not. I recollect distinctly, that the paragraph offered by me and inserted in our despatch to the British Commissioners

some recollection of Mr. Bayard, or from the conference of the 1st of having expressed his dissatisfaction with which Mr. G*** said or conference; but what it was I do not know. I cannot think it possible that we should have gone into that conference, without having said something to the British Commissioners on the subject of the navigation of the Mississippi, and my recollection is that the above majority was in favor of their proposal, with the condition here mentioned. I regret that I cannot mention upon your letter from mentioned in your last.

Nothing can be more unfounded than Adams' inference, (if he intended inference,) of our assent to the doctrine of imperishable character, in all respect to the treaty of 1783, and to the proposition to the navigation of the Mississippi fact of our signature to the communication respecting those subjects, to the British Commissioners, and that of our being present at the conference of the 1st of December

1. As to the durable character of the treaty, I think all of us, (except Mr. Adams) are cured in believing that the provision of the fishing grants within the British jurisdiction, and the navigation of the Mississippi, expired on the breaking of the war. Why he calls it the American doctrine I do not know. If it be true doctrine of the public law. If he says that it is American, because we are interested in maintaining it, he is in the superiority of interest should the national character of the doctrine to be called British. Then why did we ground which we did, in our 10th of November? For the reason assigned. It was the best we could do. It was plausible, and might serve, if subsequently did serve, to enable some satisfactory arrangement with Britain in regard to the fisheries. We do say something, or acknowledge the principle asserted by the commissioners, on the 8th of Augusting the ground which we did, if it were not absolutely tenable we were better to have stood mute.

2. As to the navigation of the Mississippi, that the offer of it was the work of the British, in which we did not participate, is denied. What puts this matter in rest is, the despatch signed by all the American commissioners to the Secretaries under date the 25th of December, 1822, in which it is stated: "both points [i. e. the navigation and the fisheries] beyond all future controversy, of us determined to offer to admit confirming both rights." You will recollect, that I suggested when I signed that despatch, the insertion of "a majority;" and my purpose for doing not mistaken. Why did we sign the communication to the British Commissioners 14th of December; and why were we not at the conference of the first, with respect to that article? If we had failed to sign that communication, or if we had not signed the article at the conference

14 305
12,681
11,141
10,298
9,261
9,261
9,163
7,122

...covered at the
today the 31 instant—
k the caucus presided
Judge Nealey officiated
Underwood in the Se-
to 10 o'clock the next
organize by re-electing
C. Dawson E. quar-
ter, and John D. Sta-

Senate took place the
tion of the Honorable
over his opponent Col-
ates. Wm. Y. H. in-
try of the Senate with-
re-elected Messen-

...Georgia, took place
Friday, the 6th instant.

...Crawford was elect-
ed a 30 sea elect-
Joseph Lumpkin—
27 General of this en-

...was for Charter, 1st
bb, 1st 61, 2d 61—
1st 1, 21 1—Mr.
11 of 1 is elect.
was for Clayton 107,
1pp was elected Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

...for Strong 111, for
s was elected Soli-

...for 11th 152, for
elect Soli-

...s, for 11th 122, and
rd was elected Adm-

AT 11 o'clock, A. M. will be exposed to sale, in Ma-
con, to the highest bidder, the BRIDGE across the
Ocmulgee River at Macon, together with ONE ACRE of
LAND on the eastern side of the Ocmulgee river, to be
used as one of the buttments, and the privilege of using
so much of Fifth, or Bridge Street, on the western banks
as may be necessary for the other buttment of the Bridge.
The purchaser will be required, on the day of the sale,
to pay to the commissioners the fifth part of the purchase
money in cash or current bills of chartered banks of this
State; and to give bond with two or more approved sureties
for the payment of the residue in four equal annual
instalments.

WM. HARMAN, }
C. B. SYKONG, } Commissioners.
O. H. PRINCE, }
November 8, 1828. 149—s

WINDSOR HILL SCHOOL

THIS Institution, formerly under the superintend-
ence of Miss S. M. Andrews, will be opened for
the reception of students on the first Monday in January,
1829, under the conduct of the subscriber, who has re-
moved with his family to Windsor Hill, near Wrights-
boro', Columbia county, with the design of rendering
this school a permanent Establishment.

The objects proposed to be effected by the re-estab-
lishment of this once flourishing private seminary, are the
following: To reduce the expenses of pupils to meet the
exigencies of the times—to remove children and youth
to a distance from temptation and the poisonous influ-
ence of vice—example—to substitute a family economy with
the strictness of self-respect and moral obligation, for the
relaxing methods of discipline usually practised in public
schools.

To effect the first Board and Tuition have been re-
duced much below the ordinary rates—to accomplish
the second, a site has been selected for the School near
the farm, as to render a good situation of all inter-
course, except of necessity, practicable. In reference to
the third, arrangements have been made with Mr. H.
Gibson, on whose premises the school will be opened, to
admit into his family all pupils from abroad, where the
same attention will be paid to their manners, morals,
health and comfort, as to those of his own children, and
where they will be continually under the eye of their in-
structor.

RATES OF TUITION, BOARD, &c.

Reading, Orthography and Analysis of	\$6 00
the English Language, per session	
Pennmanship, Arithmetic, English Grammar,	\$9 00
Geography, History, and Rhetoric, per	
session	
Algebra, Euclid, Surveying, English, Natural	\$14 00
and Moral Philosophy, Chemistry, and the	
Latin, Greek, and Italian languages, per	
session	

Board, including room, fuel, lights, beds, and washing,
will be furnished by H. Gibson at forty dollars per ses-
sion, each session to continue five months.

N. B. All young gentlemen of approved talents and
character, who are in a course of preparation for the
Ministry, in either the Methodist, Presbyterian or Bap-
tist churches, will receive their tuition gratis.

Although the School is designed principally for males,
a class of Misses under fourteen years of age will be re-
ceived and taught, in addition to the other branches,
Needle Work, Painting, and Music, if desired.

And from the liberal patronage afforded the subscriber,
at Crawfordsville, he hopes, by exclusive attention to his
School with the above advantages connected with it, to
merit a favorable remembrance by a liberal public.

A. S. BAYLEY.

Windsor Hill, Columbia County Nov. 8—1828

SHERIFF'S SALES.

On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next,
WILL be sold, at the court-house in Carroll county,
between the usual hours of sale, the following
PROPERTY, to wit:

LOT number one hundred and thirty six, in the sixth
district of said county—levied on as the property of Car-
roll D. Morris, to satisfy a fieri facias in favor of Michael
Collins.

Also, LOT number thirty-two, in the eighth (8th) dis-
trict of said county—levied on as the property of Car-
roll Knight, to satisfy a fieri facias in favor of Nathaniel
L. and Samuel Storages.

Also, LOT number two hundred and sixty-six—levied
on as the property of John Parish, to satisfy two fieri fa-
cias in favor of Joshua B. Bateman.

NEILL STONE, Sheriff
November 8 149

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

On Friday, the 19th of DECEMBER next,
At the residence of RICHARD JORDAN of Baldwin
county, deceased, will be sold, at a part of the PER-
SONAL PROPERTY of said deceased—consisting of
Horses, Wags, Cattle, Farming Utensils, Household
and Kitchen Furniture.—Terms made known on the day
of sale.

MATTHEW J. JORDAN, }
WILLIAM B. JORDAN, } Adm'ors.
November 8—149—1

ADMINISTRATORS' SALES.

AGREEABLY to an order of the Inferior Court of
Wilkinson county, when sitting for ordinary pur-
poses, will be sold at Irwinton, Wilkes county, on
On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next,
At the risk of the former purchaser, one NEGRO
BOY, named MARTIN, about ten or eleven years of age,
for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of the Estate
of SEYMOUR LOWN, late of said county, deceased.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
On Friday, the 19th day of December next,
At the residence of Mrs. MARY MARTIN, of Jones
county, deceased, will be sold
The CROP of COTTON in the SEED belonging to
the Estate of said deceased, supposed to be about twen-
ty thousand pound; on which a credit will be given un-
til the first day of April next, the purchaser giving small
notes with approved security.
At the same time and place,
Also will be rented, for one year, the PLANTATION
belonging to said Estate.
LEWIS A. PATRICK, Adm'or.
Nov 8—149

ADMINISTRATORS' SALES.

On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next,
WILL be sold, at Clarksville, Habersham county,
between the usual hours of sale,
The FOLLOWING PROPERTY, belonging the Es-
tate of WILLIAM FOWLING, sen. deceased, to wit: SIX
NEGROES, Jan about twenty-two years old, Isaac about
nine, Phillis about three years, Natilla about nine-
teen years, and two children—to be sold for the benefit
of the heirs and creditors.

Also at the same time and place,
Will be sold all the REAL ESTATE of said deceas-
ed in Habersham county, consisting of about fifteen
hundred acres of LAND, a considerable portion of it
valuable for sale in lots to suit purchasers—for the
benefit of the heirs and creditors of the said deceased.
ABSALOM POLCOMB
WILLIAM BOLING, Jun. } Adm'ors.
Sept 27—143

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.

On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next,
AGREEABLY to an order of the honorable the In-
ferior Court of Jasper county, when sitting for or-
dinary purposes, will be sold, in the town of Monticello,
Ad. the NEGROES, belonging to the Estate of JAMES
BROOKS, deceased, consisting of three Women, one
Man, and one Child—sold for the benefit of the
creditors of said estate. Terms made known on the day
of sale.
FANCIAL BROOKS }
BEVIN BROOKS } Adm'ors.
Nov 8, 1828—149

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next
WILL be sold, at the court-house in Jones coun-
ty, between the legal hours of sale and by leave
of court granted,
Four hundred and five acres of LAND, whereon John
Kirk lived in his lifetime, a joining Thomas Hunt and
others in said county, being the property of the estate
of said John Kirk, deceased—valuable land, well im-
proved, good situation for a Store, House, of Entertainment,
&c. To be sold on one year's credit, for the benefit of
the heirs and creditors of said estate.
WILLIAM FREEMAN, Adm'or.
in right of his wife E. Freeman.
November 8, 1828—149

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.

On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next,
At the court-house in the town of Sandersville, Wash-
ington county, between the usual hours of sale, will
be sold agreeably to an order of the Inferior Court of said
county, when sitting for ordinary purposes,
Seven hundred and fifty acres of LAND, more or less
situate lying and being on the waters of Williamson
swamp, in said county, bounded on the east by Will-
iamson Swamp Creek, on the south east by lands of Will-
iam Hunt, on the south west by lands of James Bre- and Wil-
liam Smith, and on the north, and north-west, by lands of
William Hunt—It being nearly all of the real estate of
JESSE BRETT, sen. deceased, and sold for the benefit, and
purpose of, a more equal distribution of said estate among
the heirs of said Jesse Brett, sen. deceased. Terms made
known on the day of sale.
NANCY BRETT, Adm'or.
Nov 6 1828—149

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

On the first Tuesday in JANUARY next,
WILL be sold, at the court-house in Wilkes county,
by an order of the Inferior Court of Wilkes coun-
ty, when sitting for ordinary purposes, between the usual
hours of sale,
Lot of LAND known as number one hundred and sixty-
four, in the eleventh district of said county, sold as
the property of William Mallory, late of Wilkes county
deceased—for the benefit of the heirs and creditors of
said deceased. Terms at sale.
THOMAS P. MALLORY, Ex'or.
November 8—149—s

NOTICE.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of
NATHANIEL HOLMES, late of the county of Early,
deceased, are requested to render their accounts properly
authenticated in terms of the law; and those indebted to
said estate are earnestly required to make immediate pay-
ment, as farther indulgence cannot be extended.
N. M'BRYDE, Adm'or.
November 8—149—1

GEORGIA—Jones County.

WHEREAS ROBERT and CHARLES HUTCHINS ap-
ply to me for Letters of Administration on the
Estate of PHECILLA BOND, late of said county, deceased,
These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular
the kindred and creditors of said deceased to be
and appear at my office within the time prescribed by